Current Research Related to Remote Sensing & Leak Detection

Kristine Wiley PHMSA R&D Forum September 11, 2018

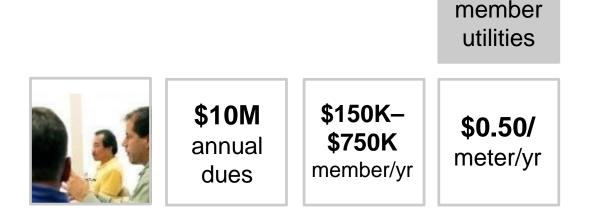
ESTABLISHED 2003

Operations Technology Development (OTD) Overview

Stand-alone, 501c(6) not-for-profit, member-controlled company where gas utilities work together to develop technology solutions to common issues

- Membership dues based on number of customers
- New projects identified by members based on needs
- Each member votes own dollars to specific projects
- All members have access to all project information

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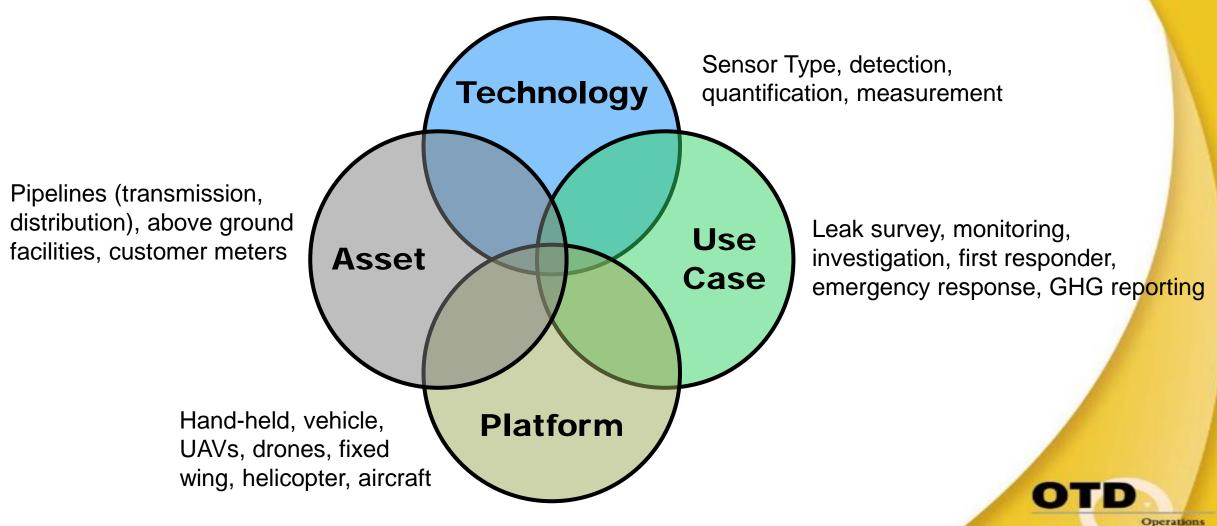
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OTD

OTD Member Companies

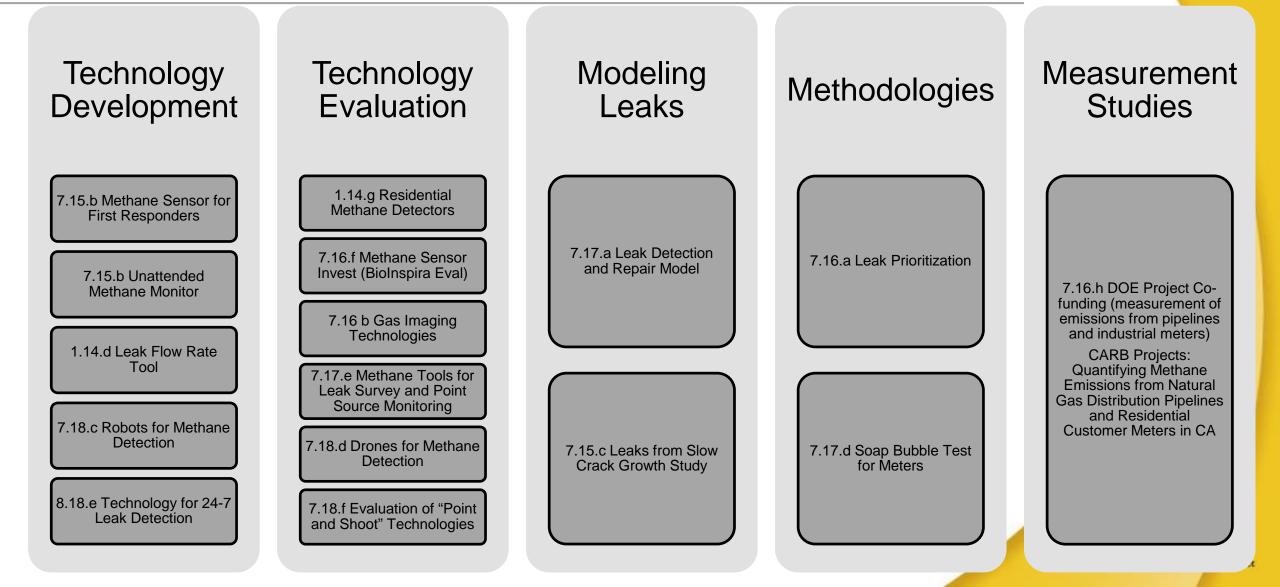


Remote Sensing and Leak Detection



Technology Development

OTD Methane Detection and Measurement Projects



Leak Detection and Monitoring

TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

Methane Monitoring Tools For Utilities and First Responders

Network of remote sensors connect wirelessly for full situational awareness via phone or tablet. Provides information about natural gas concentration at multiple points at a leak site. Initial field testing underway on two form factors: (1) First responder use case and (2) Utility measurement use case (semi-permanent longer-range wireless access for utilities to assess and monitor leaks over time).

Field Tool for Improved Leak Measurement and Classification

Methane concentration does not tell the whole story. Utilities need a repeatable method to compare the leak rate and prioritize Class 2 & 3 leaks. Simultaneously measures CH₄ concentration, air flow, temperature, and humidity for improved quantification of leak classification.

TECHNOLOGY EVALUATION

Evaluating Gas Imaging Technologies

Gas imaging cameras are a tool that allows for the safe detection and identification of leaks as well as enable the quantification of leak flow rate, resulting in increased safety for customers as well as utility employees along with the quantification of environmental benefits associated with leak repair and/or pipe replacement programs. The



project will investigate using gas imaging cameras for identifying and detecting leaks on buried piping systems as well as other gas facilities.

Advanced Methane Detection Technologies for Utility Operations

The adoption of these new advanced methane detection technologies can improve the ability to identify and locate leaks resulting in a more efficient leak detection and repair process. These technologies also have the potential for remote monitoring of target assets that may require frequent longer-term detection of methane. Broadening the tool box of methane detection devices will allow for more tailored leak detection methods resulting in increased safety for people and the environment.

Leak Detection and Monitoring

Robots for Methane Detection

Having a remotely operated robot-based methane detection system can provide a safer method for investigating a leak when the potential for high/explosive methane concentrations exist inside of a structure. Knowing the methane concentrations profile within a building provides better knowledge about the leak event and allows for a more effective and efficient utility response. The project is developing a remotely operated robot based methane detection unit to reduce worker exposure to potentially hazardous scenarios.



Drone Based Methane Detection

With advancements in this space, methane detection systems are moving from hand held devices to mobile platforms such as vehicles and UAVs. Several off-the-shelf UAV based methane



systems are currently on the market, however, their applicability to distribution use cases is uncertain. In particular, most systems have focused on identifying large point leaks and may not have the sensitivity for use on distribution leaks. This project will be a Phase 1 feasibility study and technology evaluation.

Soap Test for Leak Rate Characterization

Utilities are moving towards characterizing leaks on customer meter sets, similar to pipeline leaks. This proposal seeks to evaluate a methodology to efficiently estimate the leak rate on an above ground distribution asset by using a soap test. This will allow operators to estimate emissions from meters in the field without the need for additional equipment.



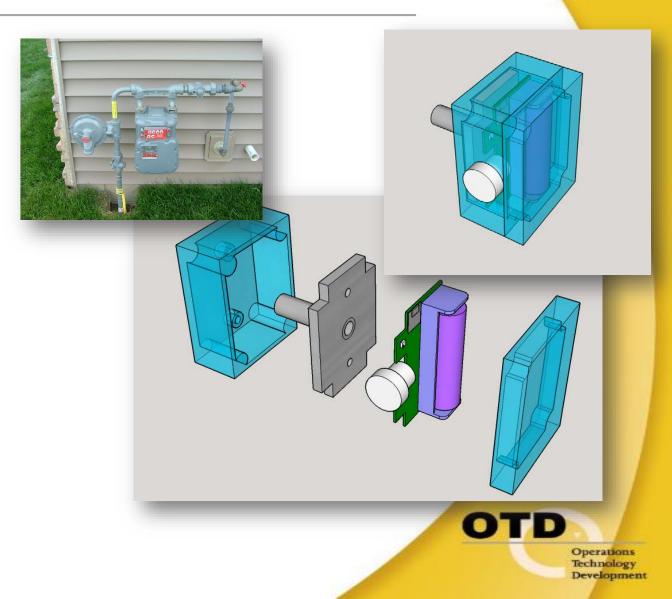
Technology for 24-7 Leak Detection

The deployment of an automated system for continual leak monitoring would provide benefit in terms of resource allocation and scheduling. Personnel could be freed from some routine leak patrol activities. Information provided by the monitor can be used to target personnel activities where they are most required. To integrate a suite of existing technologies into a prototype 24/7 leak monitoring system. It will make use of state of the art methane sensing, wireless connectivity, and web hosting technology.



Exploring IoT Application: Remote Pressure Sensing

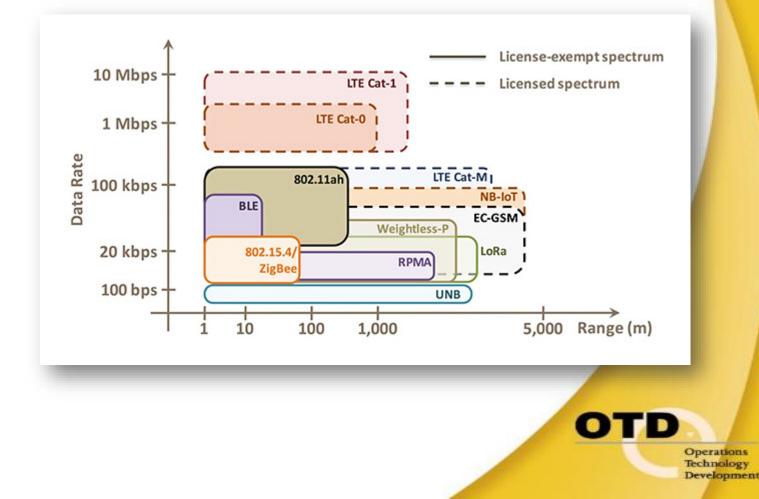
- > Examine current IoT offerings with regard to monitoring applications for gas utilities
- > Multi-year remote pressure monitoring
 - Star network topology
 - Single AA size battery
 - 8 year runtime without EH
 - 24 readings / 1 send per day
- > Energy harvesting
 - solar / vibration / thermal



IoT Wireless Technologies

> Increasing LPWAN offerings

- LTE carriers
 - > LTE Cat-1,0,M
 - > NB-IoT
- LoRaWAN / Sigfox
- Wi-SUN Alliance
 - > 802.15.4g WPAN mesh
- Bluetooth 5 mesh
- LoRa mesh



Other Applications of Remote Sensing: On-Line Biomethane Gas Quality Monitoring

Objective and Value

- Identify a technology that can monitory biomethane gas quality on-line for constituents that are not routinely monitored by on-line instruments but that are critical to gas quality, such as siloxanes, BTEX
- Ensure safe incorporation of the new fuel gas into the gas stream
- Results are instantly available instead of waiting days or weeks for an offsite laboratory analysis
- Response to an upset condition could be immediate

Status/Next Steps

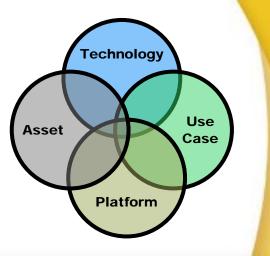
 Experimentally validate industry technologies ranked most promising in Phase I in detecting the unconventional contaminants found in biomethane

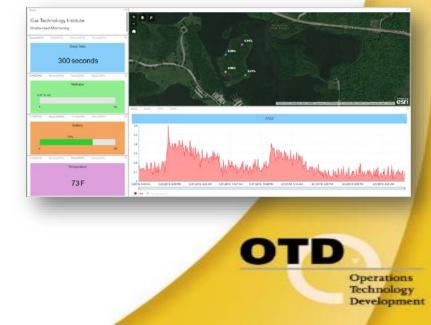


Operation

Needs and Challenges

- > Real time monitoring, processing and display
- > Multi-sensor platforms
- > IoT integration into devices
- > Networking and communication of sensors back to operators
- > Data integration for risk/decision management
- > Operational and deployment considerations
- > Changing work practices





Questions



OTD Operation Technolog